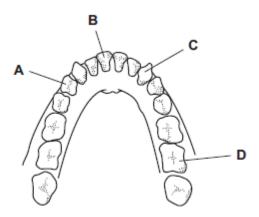
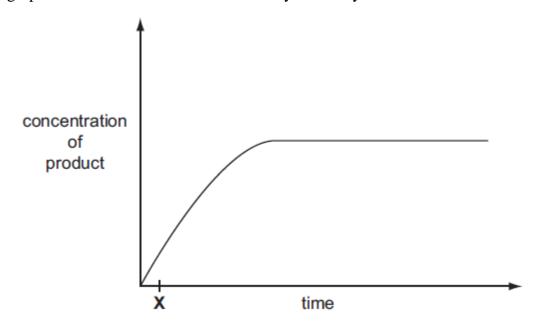
KING'S COLLEGE, BUDO BIOLOGY DEPARTMENT

HOME ASSIGNMENT

- 1. (i) Name the type of teeth labeled A, B and C
 - (ii) How is tooth D adapted to its role?



2. The graph below shows the course of an enzyme-catalysed reaction at 30°C.



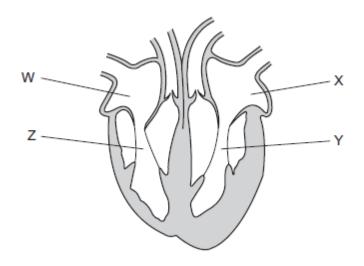
- (i) Why are enzymes important in physiological (biological)processes in the body?
- (ii) Explain the variation of the rate of reaction with time as shown in the graph above.
- (iii) Suggest the possible reasons why the enzyme rate of reaction levels off after sometime.

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3.	a. Briefly describe three factors that affect the rate of transpiration	(4½marks)
	b. Give three adaptations of the root hair cell to its function	(3marks)
	c. With the aid of a labeled diagram, describe an experiment to demonstrate root pressure	
in a pl	ant.	(7½marks)
4.	Explain how the following terms differ;	
	i. Plasmolysis and Turgidity	(3marks)
	ii. Crenation and Haemolysis	(3marks)
	b. Explain three factors affecting the rate of diffusion	(3marks)
	c. How are the following tissues adapted to their functions?	
	i. Phloem	(3marks)
	ii. Xylem	(3marks)
5.	a. Mention any two ways in which the following blood vessels are adapted to their	
	functions	
	i. Veins	(2marks)
	ii. Arteries	(2marks)
	iii. Capillaries	(2marks)
	b. Describe the mechanisms involved in a single complete cardiac cycle. (9marks)	

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6. The diagram below shows the structure of the human heart



(i) Name parts W, X, Y and Z

(4 marks)

- (ii) Describe the structural adaptations of the mammalian heart to its functions(4 marks)
- (iii) Why is the mechanism of blood flow in man superior to that in a fish? (2 marks)
- 7. a) What is lymph?

(1mark)

b) Briefly describe how tissue fluid is formed?

(3 marks)

c) Mention three processes that aid in the flow of lymph

(3 mark)

8. Which blood vessels link the following parts of the body?

(2 marks)

- i. Gut and liver
- ii. Aorta and the kidneys
- iii.Lungs and the heart
- iv. Aorta and the liver